

Galion river waterfall

Basse-Terre Sud - Saint-Claude







la Chute du Galion (Fabien Salles / PNG)

At the foot of La Soufrière, set in the heart of the rainforest, a journey that leads to La Chute du Galion waterfall, carved into the hardened lava.

Useful information

Practice: Walking

Duration: 2 h 30

Length: 3.9 km

Trek ascent: 208 m

Difficulty: Medium

Type: Return trip

Themes: River and waterfall

Trek

Departure: Bains Jaunes, Saint-Claude **Arrival**: Bains Jaunes, Saint-Claude **Markings**: — PR (short hike network)

Cities: 1. Saint-Claude

Altimetric profile



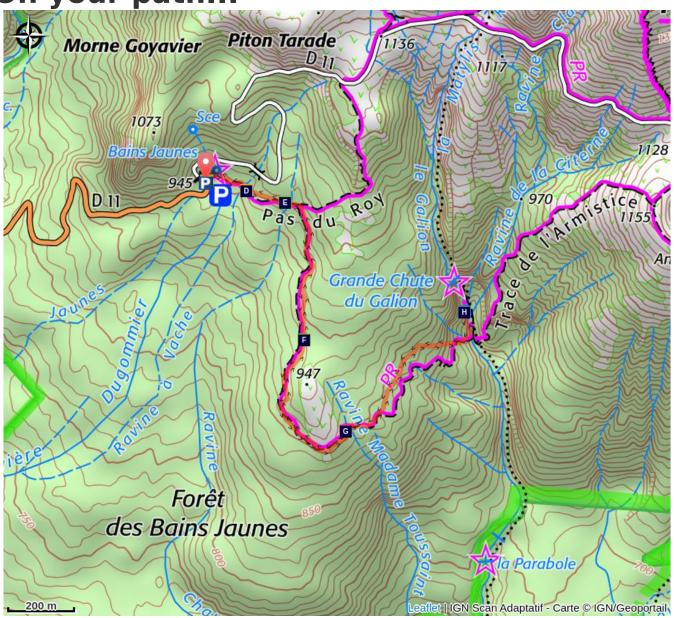
Min elevation 831 m Max elevation 983 m

Hiking trail colour: yellow

From the Bains Jaunes car park, go past the hot baths, follow the yellow signs and take the "Pas du Roy" paved walkway.

When you come to the intersection, ignore signs to La Soufrière to the left and take a right towards La Chute du Galion. Keep going on the path, which cuts through a number of ravines. Cross the Galion river carefully, making sure not to slip on the rocks. You rejoin the path on the other side. Turn left until you reach the base of La Chute du Galion. Use safety ropes for the last few metres when climbing the rock. Enjoy the views of the waterfall and the Saintes archipelago to the south, before heading back to the intersection, paying attention to the rocky descent. Head back across the river and take the same path for the journey back. When you reach the end, you may even wish to enjoy the hot baths.

On your path...



- ★ Shortleaf fig (A)

 ★ Property Shortleaf fig (B)

 ★ Propert
- Les Bains Jaunes (C)
- The frogs of Guadeloupe (E)
- ✓ Viewpoint of La Soufrière (G)
- Acomat boucan (B)
- Le Pas du Roy (D)
- Chewstick tree (F)
- La Chute du Galion (H)

All useful information

1 Is in the midst of the park

The national park is an unrestricted natural area but subjected to regulations which must be known by all visitors.

A Advices

As Guadeloupe is prone to natural risks, extra care should be taken in this natural environment. For the benefit of all hikers, responsible behaviour is very important. Please note: the parking and swimming areas are not supervised. Make sure you adhere to any rules issued by the Regional Health Agency concerning hot baths.

How to come?

Transports

En Guadeloupe, 2 applications pour le covoiturage :

Dépozé: https://depoze.fr KAROS: https://www.karos.fr

Access

GPS coordinates of the start point: Lat: 16,03459 N - Long: 61,6701 W. Go through the town of Saint-Claude, passing the post office and the university. Continue uphill on Route RD11, passing through the picnic area of Beausoleil. Keep going until the end of the road and park at the Bains Jaunes parking area, using one of the spaces provided. (The Savane à Mulets parking area and main access road are closed to traffic because of potential landslide risk).

Advised parking

Parking area "Bains Jaunes", Saint-Claude

1 Information desks

Headquarters of the National Park of Guadeloupe

Montéran, 97120 Saint-Claude

info@randoguadeloupe.gp

Tel: 0590 41 55 55

http://www.guadeloupe-parcnational.fr/fr/

des-decouvertes/ou-sinformer/siege-de-

saint-claude



Source

Rando Guadeloupe

https://www.randoguadeloupe.gp/

On your path...



Shortleaf fig (A)

The shortleaf fig tree (Ficus citrifolia) is a member of the Moraceae family. It is quite a unique tree: as an epiphyte, it has the ability to grow on competing trees. Its aerial roots develop by dropping downwards and then branching out as the tree grows. It can strangle competing trees and kill them. The shortleaf fig can grow both on the ground and on buildings.

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG



Acomat boucan (B)

The Acomat boucan (Sloanea caribaea) belongs to the Elaeocarpaceae family. It is an extremely large tree that can grow up to 40 metres tall. It is the most spectacular tree in the Sloanea genus. It has an exposed trunk and magnificent buttresses, with reddish-brown bark that starts to peel off into thin strips when the tree starts to age.

Formerly, visitors to the forest would make use of its enormous buttresses to shelter their fires and to smoke meat. It has since been established that lighting fires among the roots is not conducive to the well-being of trees.

Attribution : Emilie Savy / PNG



E Les Bains Jaunes (C)

Set amid the forest of the same name, the site of Les Bains Jaunes has long been a popular destination. The first dwellings here were the ajoupa of the Igneri people, followed by mouina of the Carib Indians.

Many years later, it became an important stopping-off point on the road to La Soufrière. In the late nineteenth century, the soldiers from Saint-Claude built a convalescent home and shooting range. Around 1910, the famous Mountaineers Club erected a makeshift shelter and later, in 1947, the Renaissance association built their own shelter, designed for hikers and swimmers. That building was later to become the Maison du Volcan, which has since closed. It is thanks to the soldiers of the Marine Infantry, who were sent to Bains Jaunes in order to "acclimatise themselves", that a stone lagoon - still in place today - was built in 1887.

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG



🤒 Le Pas du Roy (D)

"Lest we forget that we owe the current path of Le Pas du Roy to the battalion commander, Mr. Legot. He replaced the old path that was originally mapped out by Mr. Rollin in January 1885 to guide the Count and Countess of Bardy to La Soufrière." Gérard Werter, "Coureur des Bois".

Attribution: Fabien Salles / PNG



There are two endemic species of frog in Basse-Terre: Hylode de Barlagne (Eleutherodactylus barlagnei) and Hylode de Pinchon (Eleutherodactylus pinchoni), and if you listen carefully you might just hear them ribbiting at Pas du Roy. Both species are dark in colour and measure 2-3 centimetres in length. But, the most common species in Guadeloupe is the Martinique Robber Frog (Eleutherodactylus martinicencis).

Attribution : Guy Van-Laere / PNG



Chewstick tree (F)

Symphonia globulifera, also commonly known as the chewstick tree, belongs to the Clusiaceae family. The tree grows in thick, humid and swampy forests. Reaching up to 25-30 metres in height, it has stilt roots and a yellow latex trunk. Its flowers are formed of bright red petals, while its fruits resemble nutmeg, are oval in shape and yellow when ripe. It wood was one used as timber for houses and resin for boats.

Attribution : Emilie Savy / PNG



☑ Viewpoint of La Soufrière (G)

Viewpoint of La Soufrière, amid the treetops.

Attribution : PNG



La Chute du Galion (H)

Carved into the lava of the volcano, La Chute du Galion waterfall gushes forth from a height of 40 metres. The water at the source of the Galion is heated by the volcano, whose sulphur deposits account for its orange colour, but returns to a normal temperature by the time it reaches the bottom.

Attribution : Fabien Salles / PNG